

#### Teledyne API Particulate Matter Instruments

#### Theory of Operation and Overview

July 28 & 29, 2015

CARB PQAO Training Air Monitoring Instrument Operation Sacramento, CA

> Tim Morphy Senior Product Manager





#### **TAPI PM Instruments**



#### MODEL 602 Beta<sup>Plus</sup>



#### MODEL 633 Aethalometer®

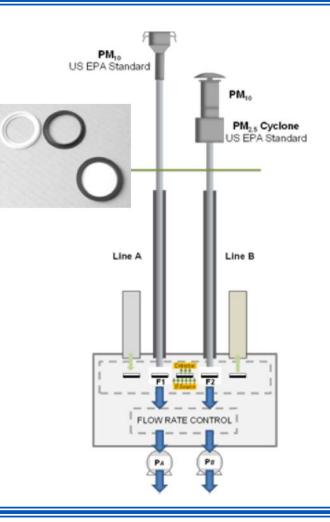


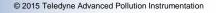




# Model 602 Beta<sup>PLUS</sup>

- Dual-channel sequential sampler
  - Collect onto 47mm filters
  - Variety of filters can be used
- Internal PM mass measurement using beta attenuation with multi-step process
- Modes of operation: Hourly mass, Multi-time mass, or Sampler only
- Variety of potential inlet configurations
- Performs automatic leak and flow checks using internal flow standard
- Digital communications and remote access
- 2-year standard warranty







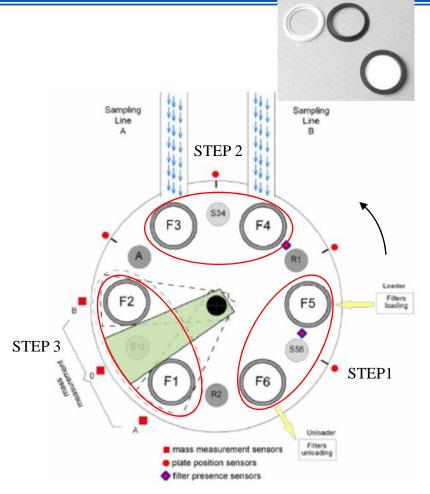
#### Model 602 Installation





# **Instrument Operation**

- Rotating plate filter holder design (3 positions)
  - Filter Loading / Unloading
  - Filter Sampling
  - Filter Analysis
- Additional reference filter positions
  - Mass calibration reference standards (R1, R2)
  - "Spy filters" account for humidity effects on filter during analysis
- Analysis takes place immediately following sampling
- Multiple step analysis process



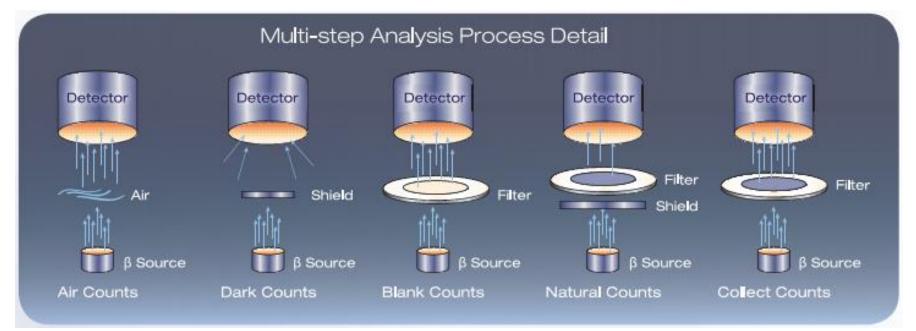


 $PM\left(\frac{\mu g}{m^3}\right) = \frac{Mass\left(\mu g\right)}{Volume\left(m^3\right)}$ 

# Multi-step Analysis Benefits

Eliminate Interferences:

- Assess changes in air density during analysis
- Measure background radiation in air
- Measure background radiation in sample dust
- Measure spy filter to account for humidity fluctuations during analysis







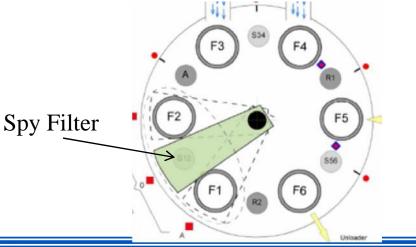
# **Unique Humidity Control**

 Sample filter humidity is controlled during sampling using a sample line heater(s) with %RH set point

2) Sample filter humidity is controlled during analysis by referencing a <u>'spy filter'</u>

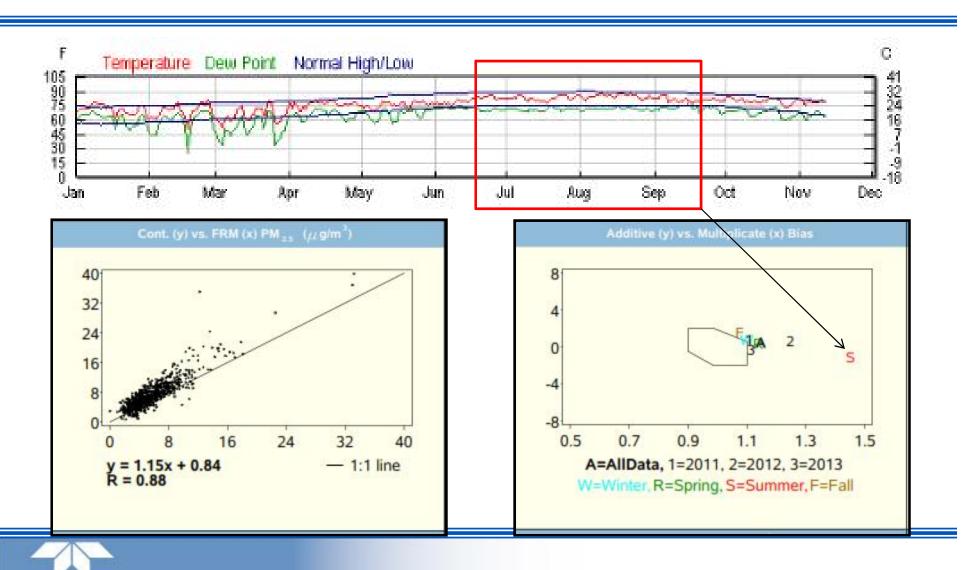
- The spy filter is a representative 'punch' of the sample filter media
- The spy filter is independently measured throughout the analysis process accounting for humidity effects on the filter media
- Measurement Sequence
  - F1→S12→F2→S12→F1→S12.....
  - 4 minute analysis intervals





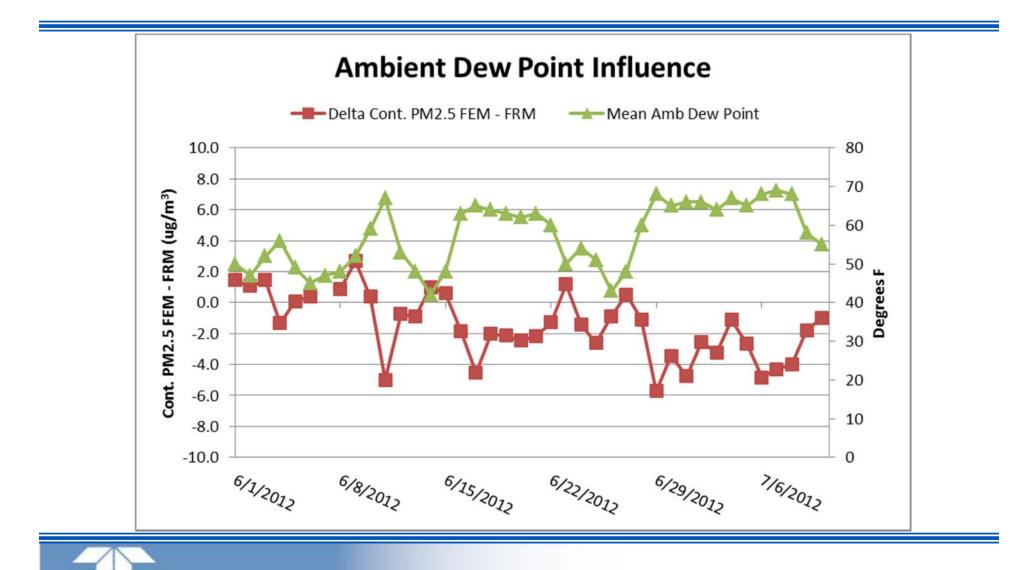


## High Ambient Dew Point Effects



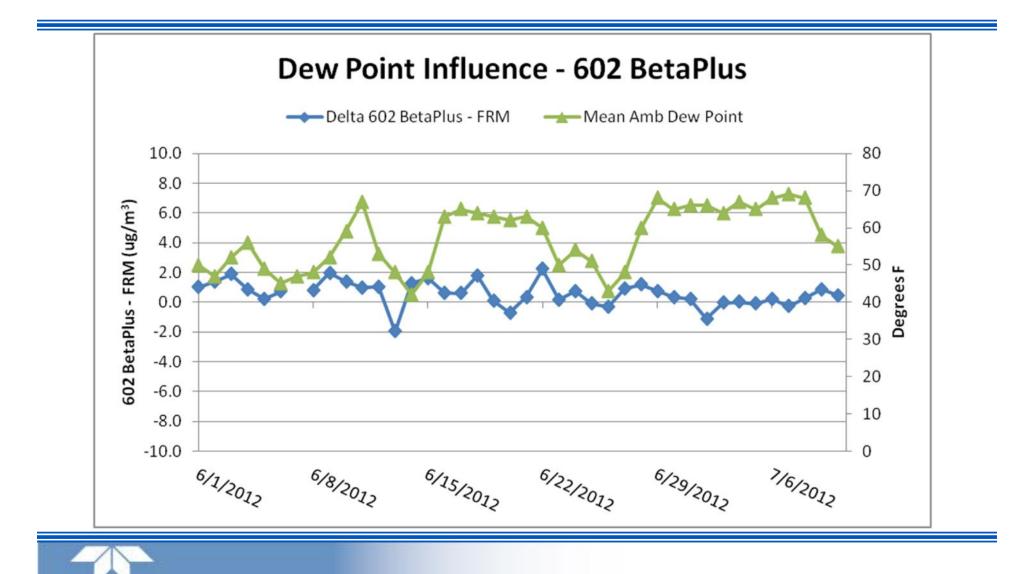


### High Ambient Dew Point Effects





### High Ambient Dew Point Effects





### **Routine Maintenance**

- Every two weeks
  - Reload filter cassette magazine
  - Check flow rates (automatic or manual)
  - Download / Review data using 602betaplusmanager.net
- Once per month
  - Clean size selective inlets
  - Leak check (automatic or manual)
  - Verify temperature and pressure sensor readings
- Once per six months (or as needed)
  - Calibrate flows
  - Check beta calibration (automatic)
  - Rebuild vacuum pumps (carbon rotary vane)
  - Calibrate pressure sensors





#### Documentation

#### **Operating Manual**

TELEDYNE ADVANCED POLLUTION INSTRUMENTATION Everywhereyoulook

**OPERATION MANUAL** 

MODEL 602 BETA<sup>PLUS</sup> Particle Measurement System



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#### **Standard Operating Procedure**

TELEDYNE-API

#### Model 602 BetaPLUS Particle Measurement

System

Standard Operating Procedure

Tim Morphy 5/10/2012



The purpose of this document is to provide guidance on the installation, setup, calibration, and operation of the Model 602 RetaPLUS Particle Measurement System.





## Why Black Carbon PM?



- A primary component of wood smoke
- A primary component of Diesel
  Particulate Matter
- Diesel Particulate Matter is a listed Air Toxin by the State of California
- Traffic related pollutant and recommended for the Nearroadway monitoring network
- Differentiate between diesel and gasoline vehicles
- Light (and heat) absorbing characteristics in the atmosphere





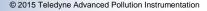
### What is the Aethalometer®?

- A registered trademark owned by Magee Scientific
- The most widely used BC method in the world
- Over 1,000 units installed since 1980



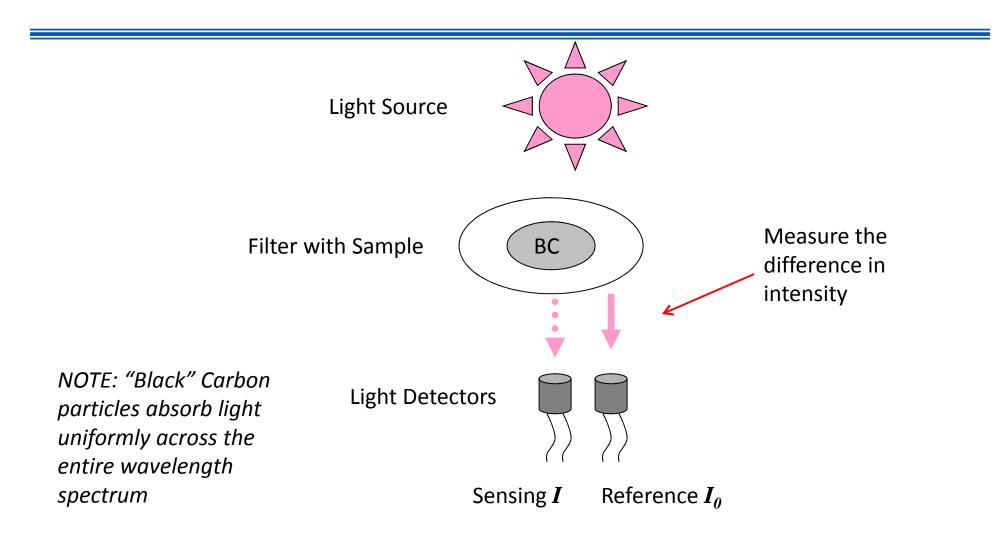








## Aethalometer<sup>®</sup> Method







# Unique Advantage

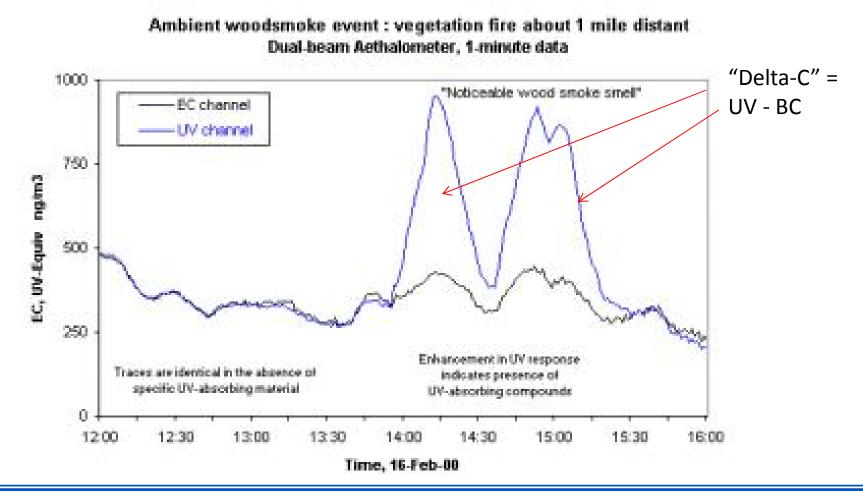
- Measures optical absorption at multiple wavelengths
- Provides the ability to decipher between diesel and wood smoke
- Well understood capability within the US monitoring community

UV	370 nm
Blue	470 nm
Green	520 nm
Yellow	590 nm
Red	660 nm
IR-1	880 nm
IR-2	950 nm





#### Wood Smoke vs Diesel Smoke







### What is the Model 633?

- Magee Scientific's 'Next Generation' Rackmount Aethalometer<sup>®</sup> distributed through TAPI – Currently <u>US and Canada</u>
- Represents a <u>complete platform</u> <u>improvement</u> including a new mechanical and electronic design: color touchscreen display, Ethernet/USB, and field serviceable, modular components
- Introduces new measurement advances to handle sample <u>spot saturation</u> and <u>high</u> <u>humidity</u> environments







## **Specifications**

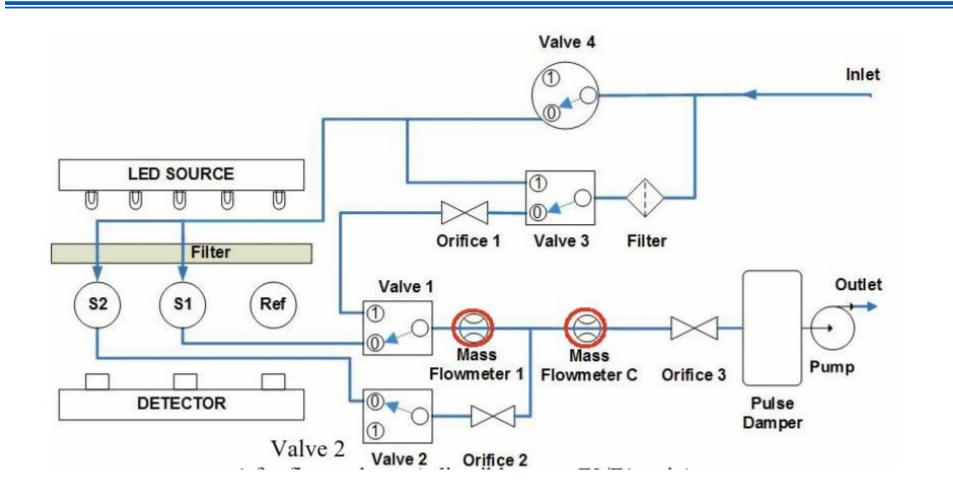
- Standard 7-wavelength configuration
- One-second minimum time resolution
- 19" Rack mount chassis
- 2-5 lpm flow rate
- DualSpot<sup>™</sup> technique for active loading compensation measurement
- 8" Color touchscreen graphics display
- RS232 and USB communications (Ethernet TCP/IP-ready)
- Inlet Mounting Kit with PM<sub>2.5</sub> Cyclone
- 2 year standard warranty







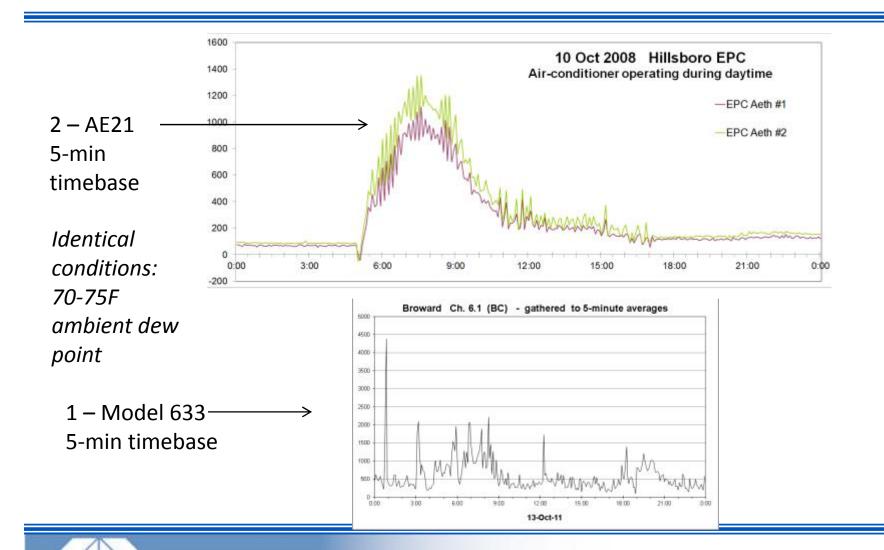
#### 633 – Flow Diagram







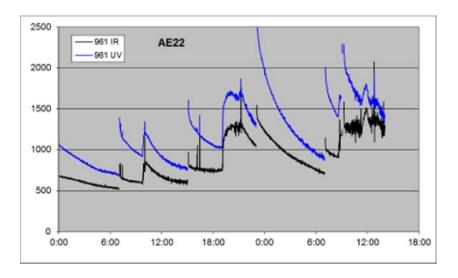
# Improvements in High Humidity



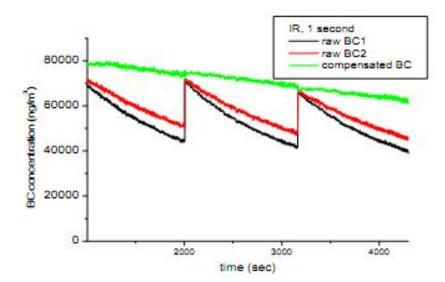


# DualSpot<sup>™</sup> Results

Traditional AE22 instrument response in presence of fresh BC aerosols



Illustrates the 'data jump' that occurs following a tape advance. The larger the jump, the more loading effect is occurring. This changes based on aerosol composition. New Model 633 instrument response in same environment using DualSpot<sup>™</sup> Active Loading Compensation



Active loading compensation provides data corrected to zero loading conditions on the filter in real-time.





# **Other Improvements**

- Neutral Density Filter Kit
  - Optical Span Validation
  - Traceable to NIST SRM8785
  - Traceable to "Gold" standard factory instrument
- Local Temperature and Pressure Compensation
  - Ambient Weather Station Option
  - Temp, Pressure, %RH







# **Routine Maintenance**

- Once per month
  - Verify flow rate at the inlet
  - Inspect and clean cyclone inlet (BGI SCC)
  - Inspect and clean bug screen/water trap
  - Verify Date / Time, update if necessary
- Once per six months
  - Inspect and clean optical chamber (can be done during tape roll replacement)
  - Leak test (following tape roll change)
  - Check optical response using ND filter kit
  - Clean air test (unless automated)
- Once per year
  - Change bypass cartridge filter
- As needed
  - Change filter tape roll
  - Calibrate flow





#### Documentation

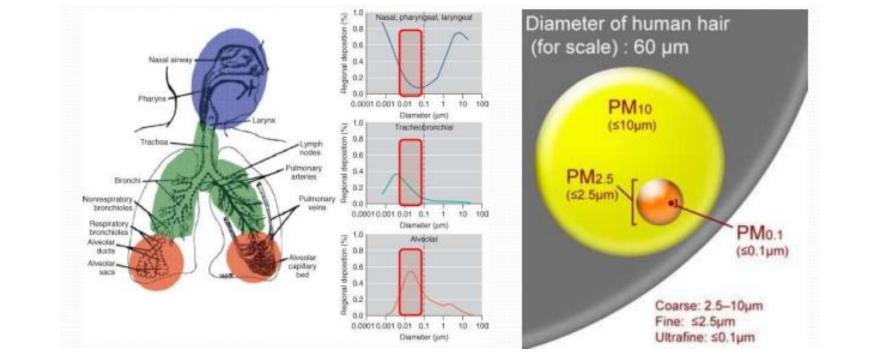








#### **Ultrafine Particles**



- More Toxic Than PM2.5
- Can cross cell membranes and move into the circulatory system
- Suspected as one of the causative pollutants in near-traffic epidemiology studies
   Courtesv of A Poli

Courtesy of A. Polidori (SCAQMD)





# **Ultrafine Particle Monitoring**

- Single ultra-fine particle (UFP) counting
- One second minimum time resolution
- 19" Rack mountable chassis
- 0.6 3 lpm inlet flow rate
- Long autonomy period 30 day maintenance period
- 30 day maintenance items refill water reservoir and clean inlet screen
- 7 nanometer detectable particle size
- Color touch screen display with real-time graphing
- Ethernet and USB Communications



Model 651 Ultrafine PM Monitor





#### What is the Model 651?

- The result of an <u>OEM agreement with TSI Incorporated</u> for their Model 3783 Water-based CPC Ultrafine particle counter
- The first continuous, real-time Ultrafine Particle Counter instrument designed for long term, routine ambient air monitoring
- TAPI is the <u>exclusive distributor</u> in the US and Canada for the products used in 'Government Agency' monitoring applications (i.e. Near-road monitoring)
- TAPI provides direct sales and service support
- Specially packaged for long term ambient air monitoring applications
  - Includes vacuum pump, proper fittings, annual maintenance package
  - Cyclone, inlet mounting kit, and rack mount kits for routine ambient monitoring

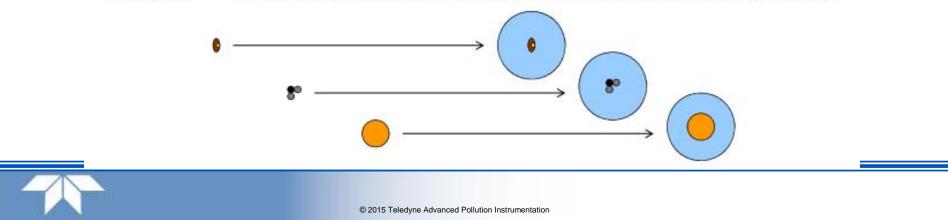




## **Ultrafine Particle Counting**

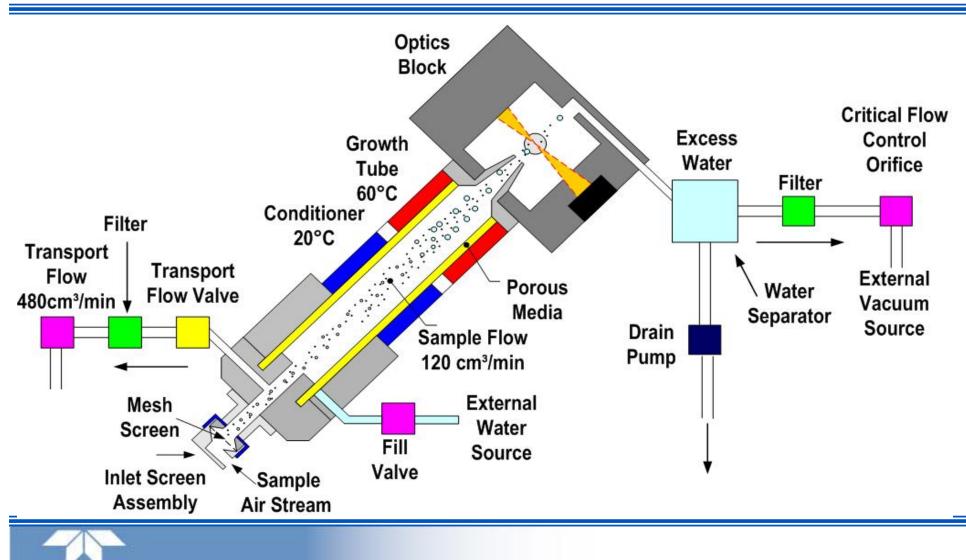
#### Particle Counting Less Than 0.1 µm

- Fact: Real-time airborne (aerosol) particle concentration measurements use scattered laser light to detect particles.
  - 1. The particles are passed through a laser beam and create a light pulse.
  - 2. Every particle pulse event is detected and counted.
- Problem: Detection of light scattering "peters out" for particles less than 0.1 µm or 100 nm.
- Solution: Make the particles BIGGER using a condensation technique.





## Model 651 UFP Monitor





## **Routine Maintenance**

- Once per month (15 minutes total time)
  - Refill water bottle
  - Replace wick
  - Clean mesh screen
  - Verify sample flow rate (~0.120 lpm)
  - Inspect and clean cyclone inlet
  - Verify Date / Time, update if necessary
- Once per three months
  - Clean water bottle and fill lines
- Once per year
  - Change flow orifices
  - Change inline filters
- As needed
  - Calibrate flow (i.e. reset flow constant)
  - Factory calibration of optics





#### Documentation

#### **Operating Manual**



**OPERATION MANUAL** 

Ultrafine Particle Monitor MODEL 651

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#### Standard Operating Procedure

TELEDYNE-API

#### Model 651 Ultrafine Particle Monitor

Standard Operating Procedure

10/15/2013



The purpose of this document is to provide guidance on the set up, operation, maintenance, and calibration of the TAPI Model 651 Ultrafine Particle Monitor.











